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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/538,759	06/10/2005	Martin Sohn	272996US0PCT	5562
22850 7590 06/03/2008 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER	
			DOERRLER, WILLIAM CHARLES	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3744	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/03/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/538,759	SOHN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	William C. Doerrler	3744			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 Ja</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12 and 15-18 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,5,6,10-12,15 and 17 is/are rejecte 7) ☐ Claim(s) 4,7-9,16 and 18 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acceedable and applicant may not request that any objection to the oregin and the correction of the	vn from consideration. d. election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6-10-2005.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claim1-3,5,6,10-12,15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hieserman et al (2,764,607) in view of Michelet (3,544,611).

Hieserman et al discloses applicants' basic inventive concept, a method for separating hydrogen chloride and phosgene which condenses phosgene in condensers and uses a stripping column to use a solvent from the process to separate the hydrogen chloride

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which leaves the top of the column and returning the solvent and phosgene to the reactor (example I in column 2 states that a stream of phosgene and hydrogen chloride leave the top of the condenser -the reflux condenser is also mentioned in line 25 of column 1- where a portion of the phosgene has been condensed and a solvent is used to remove more of the phosgene, substantially as claimed with the exception of using a distillation column to improve the separation of the phosgene and the hydrogen chloride. Michelet shows a distillation column (10) with other separation devices partial condensers 13 and 14 to condense phosgene in the removed streams) to improve the separation of the phosgene and the hydrogen chloride. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention from the teaching of Michelet to modify the separation system of Hieserman by adding a distillation column to improve the separation. In regard to claims 2,3 and 6, the temperature and pressure of the separation vessels are seen as matters of design choice for an ordinary practitioner in the art which would have been considered obvious to attempt to maximize the separation for a given energy input. In regard to claim 10, it is noted that chlorobenzene is the preferred solvent in line 56 of column 1. In regard to claim 15, the compression of a product gas is seen as obvious to an ordinary practitioner in the art to provide a product gas at a pressure which is more economically stored, or to provide a gas at the pressure desired by a consumer.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 4,7-9,16 and 18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3,5,6,10-12,15 and 17 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Hieserman discloses the use of a solvent separation device at the outlet of a condenser that partially condenses the phosgene. Michelet et al shows the use of a distillation column to separate phosgene from hydrogen chloride to be known. It would have been obvious to add the distillation column of Michelet to the phosgene/hydrogen chloride separation system of Hieserman to improve the separation to provide purer hydrogen chloride.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William Doerrler whose telephone number is (571) 272-4807. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 6:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cheryl Tyler can be reached on (571) 272-4834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

William C Doerrler Primary Examiner Art Unit 3744

WCD

/William C Doerrler/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3744